

**NOTE:** We highly recommend the purchase and use of the optional 12" auger bit in your cordless drill to aid in pole and sleeve installation.

**CAUTION:** If using ground sleeve, install sleeves with rubber mallet and sleeve setter tool provided. Don't hit directly on ground sleeve with rubber mallet

**1)** Layout fence material along the path where it will be installed. Slide the Enduro Poles through the vinyl pockets in the fencing (the rigid poles go in the 2 end pockets). The sewn pockets are placed at approximately 10' intervals. The pocket location will determine the pole location or sleeve location (if sleeves were purchased).

**2)** Install the first sleeve or pole (rigid pole) with a rubber mallet into a hole created by the pilot hole tool or the optional 12" auger bit (if purchased). The pole or sleeve is designed to install approximately 12" in the ground. Install the first pole at a slight angle opposite the rest of the fence. This will allow you to put some tension on the following poles and still have the first pole remain vertical.

**3)** With the first pole (inside the vinyl end pocket in the fencing) installed directly in the ground or inside the first installed ground sleeve (if using ground sleeves) pull slight tension on the second pole (while inside the second vinyl pocket) to find its optimum location and install the pole or mark the location to install the sleeve (if using sleeves). Proceed one pole at a time until entire section is installed. Your fencing section is now installed, no additional ropes, clips or ties are necessary. Pole and/or sleeve location must be determined with poles in the vinyl sleeves for correct spacing. If you are installing additional sections of fencing you have a few options for the transition from one section to the next

**A)** We suggest that you overlap sections slightly so that any flex in the end poles does not leave a gap in your fence. *See Drawing #1 on page 2*

**B)** If you decide to butt sections together and not overlap you may want to use a tie wrap (not provided) and attach the last pole and first pole together to eliminate a possible gap from tension on the other poles.

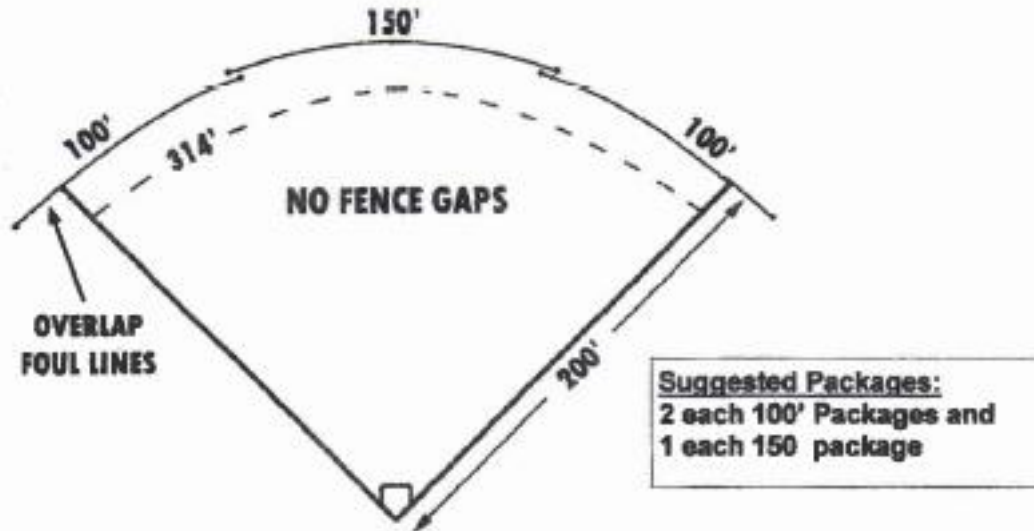
**C)** If a walkthrough is desired overlap fence sections but also leave a gap between the overlapped sections. *See Drawing #2 on page 2.*

## **ESTIMATING OUTFIELD FENCING NEEDED**

Multiply "D" (Distance from home plate to home run fence) x 1.57 = Length of fence from foul pole to foul pole.

**Example:** Typical Little League Home Run Distance of 200' x 1.57 = 314 of fencing required foul pole to foul pole.

Drawing #1 Illustrates a 200' Homerun Fence .  
Approximately 314' of fencing required.



Drawing #2 Illustrates a 300' Homerun Fence .  
Approximately 471' of fencing required.

